Computation Structures — Tutorial 3

October 10, 2017

μ -code for ULg02 – User & Supervisor modes

Reminder

- ULg02 introduces the *supervisor* (SVR) mode that can execute privileged instructions.
- The current mode is encoded in the most significant bit of the PC:
 - PC31 == 0 corresponds to user mode;
 - PC31 == 1 corresponds to SVR mode.
- SVR mode can be activated in two ways:
 - 1. When using the SVC() β -assembly instruction.
 - 2. Following an interrupt.
- Jumping instructions (JMP, JMPI,...) use absolute addressing: they can be used to come back to user mode.
- Jumping to a privileged address (i.e., an address whose MSB is 1) from user mode is **not possible**: see the PC register circuitry.
- Branching instructions (BR, BT, BEQ,...) use *PC-relative addressing*: they cannot be used to come back to user mode nor to try to reach SVR mode.

Exercises

1. Provide the ULg02 supervisor micro-code for the following instruction:

2. Provide the ULg02 user and supervisor micro-code for the BT(Ra, label, Rc) instruction. If Reg[Ra] is zero, it does nothing. Else, it saves the address of the instruction following BT then transfers execution to the address $PC + 4 \times Lit$ where Lit is computed from label as it is done in BEQ:

$$Lit = \frac{OFFSET(label) - OFFSET(CurrentInstruction)}{4} - 1$$

3. Provide the ULg02 user and supervisor micro-code for the JMPB(Ra, Rb, Rc) that behaves like JMP(Ra, Rc) if Reg[Rb] >= 0 and does nothing otherwise.